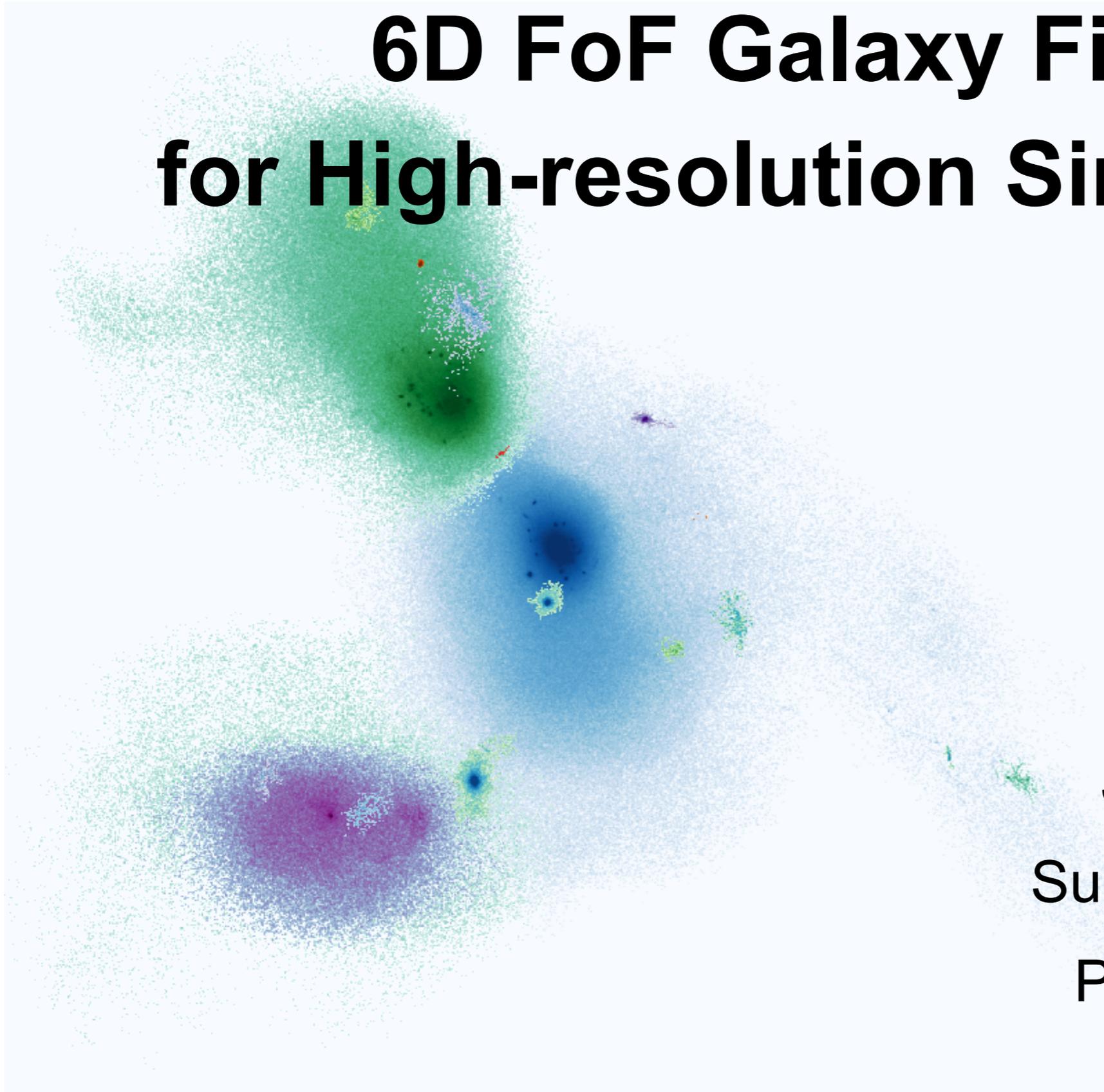


Performance Enhancement of 6D FoF Galaxy Finder for High-resolution Simulations



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Friend-of-Friends Galaxy Identification

Why “FoF-based Galaxy Finder”

- ▶ *Expandability to the phase-space*

Definition of 6D metric is enough

More reliable substructure identification in dense regions

- ▶ *Shape-free: Versatile*

From virialized objects to tidal streams

- ▶ *Yet, Still Challenging*

Sometimes, cost-inefficient identifications on high-resolution simulations

(Behroozi et al. 2013; Feng & Modi 2017)

“6D Galaxy Identification on High-res Sim.”

VELOCraptor-STF on NewHorizon

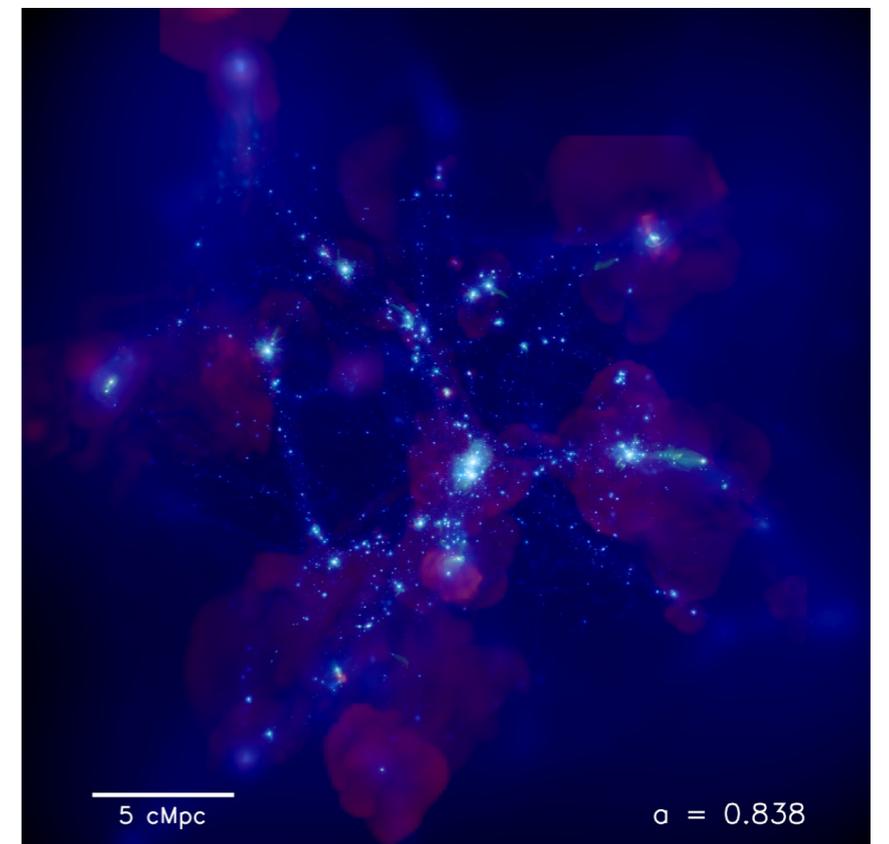
VELOCraptor-STF (Elahi+19)

- ▶ 3D & 6D FoF Halo/Galaxy Finder
- ▶ Able to read various input types
RAMSES, GADGET, ...
- ▶ Available using multiple particle types
DM / DM + Star / DM + Star + Gas



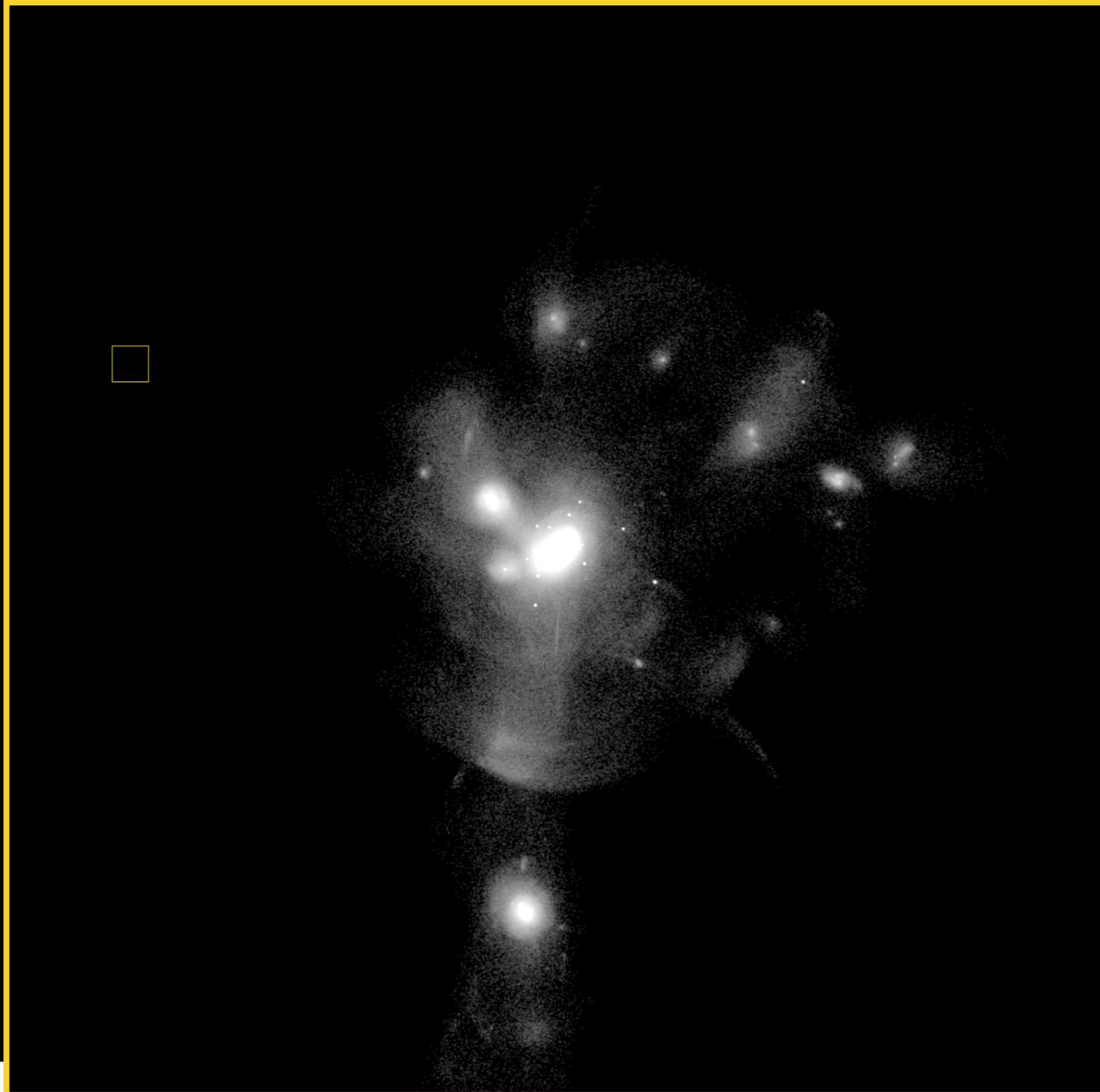
NewHorizon Simulation (Dubois+21)

- ▶ Unreached **high resolutions**
 $\Delta X = 34 \text{ pc}; M_{\text{star}} \sim 10^4 M_{\odot};$
- ▶ A good sample to test FoF galaxy finding
on **the next generation** high-res simulations



Steps for Galaxy Identification

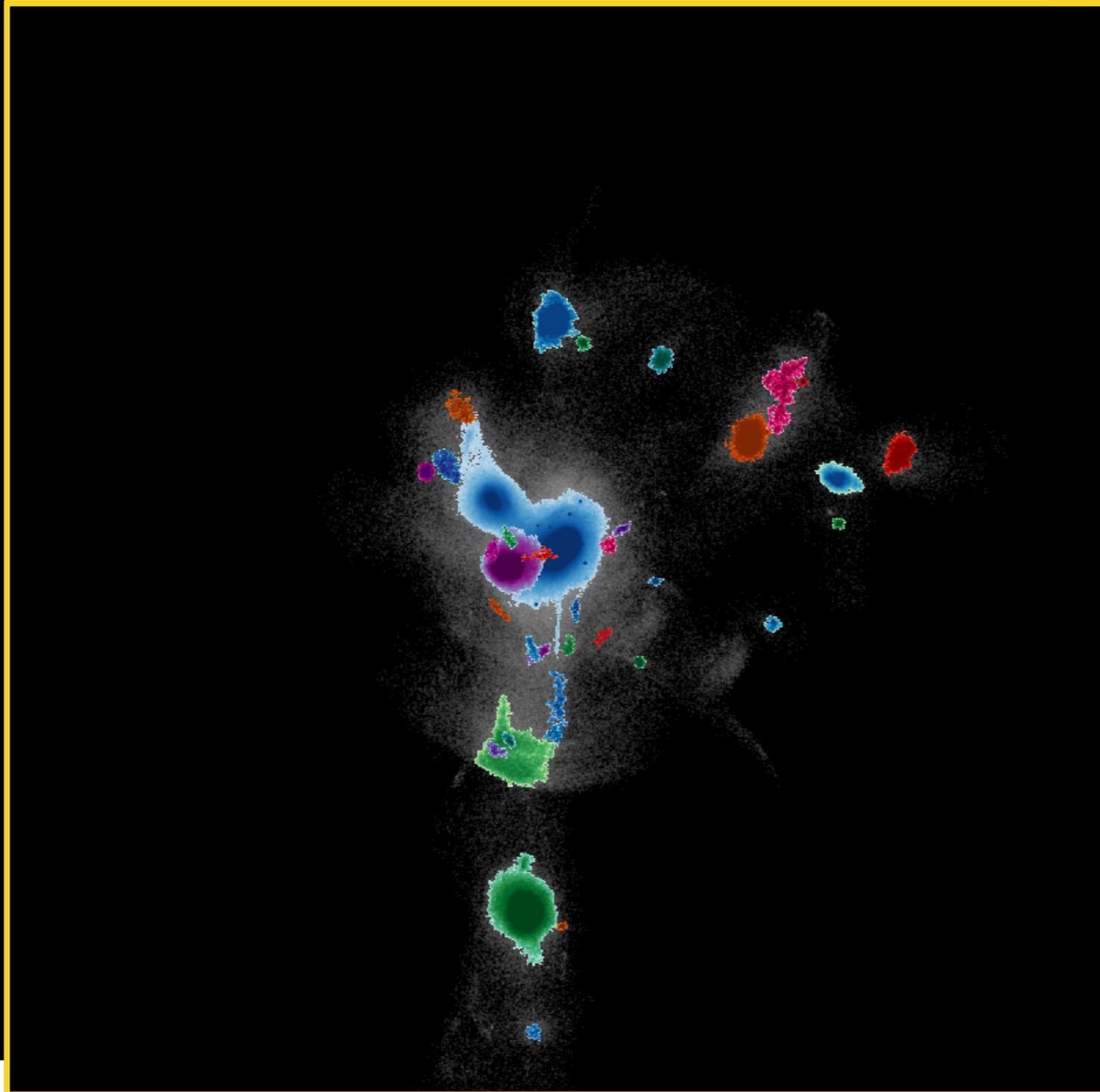
3D FoF



Steps for Galaxy Identification

3D FoF

6D FoF

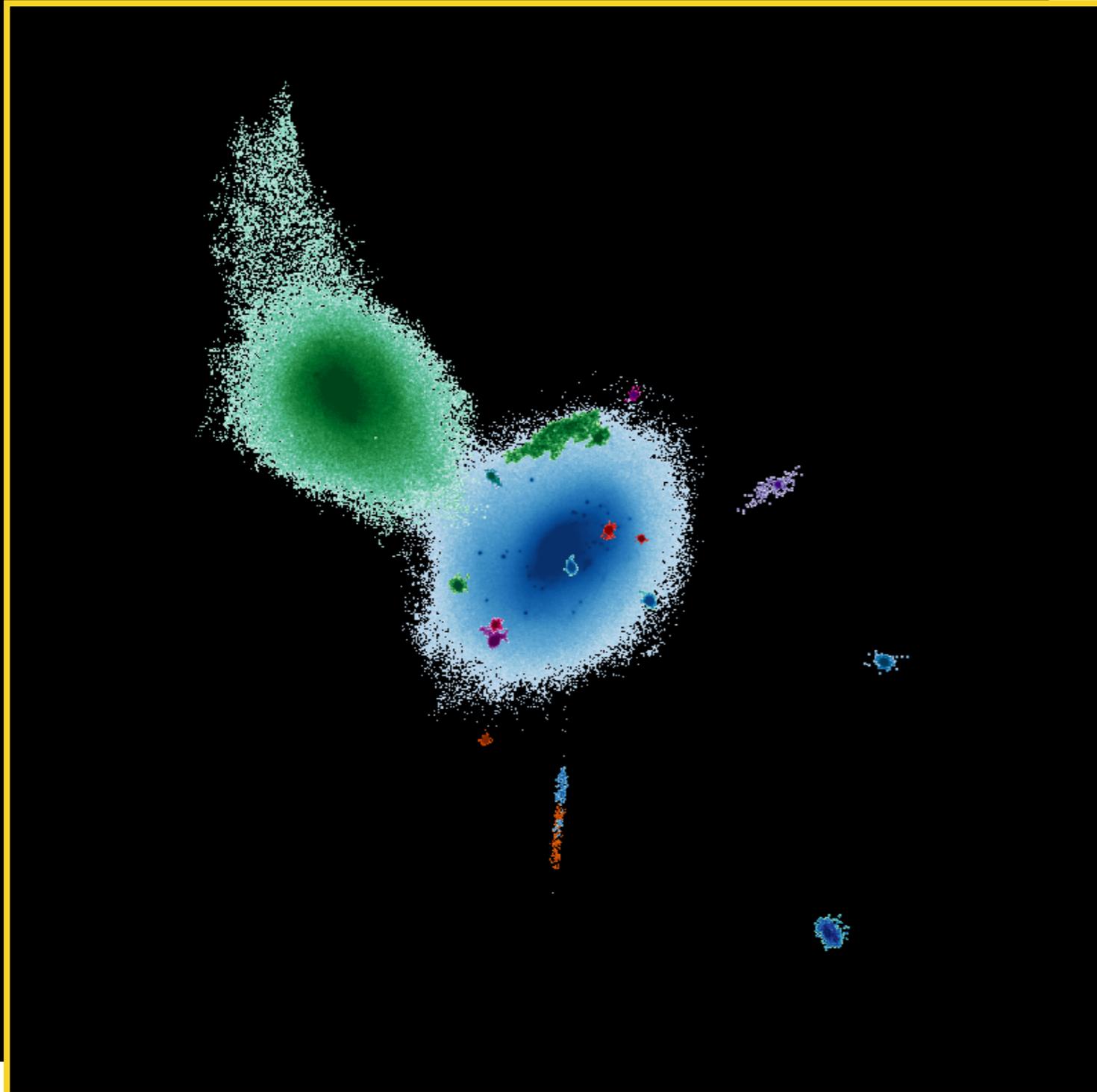


Steps for Galaxy Identification

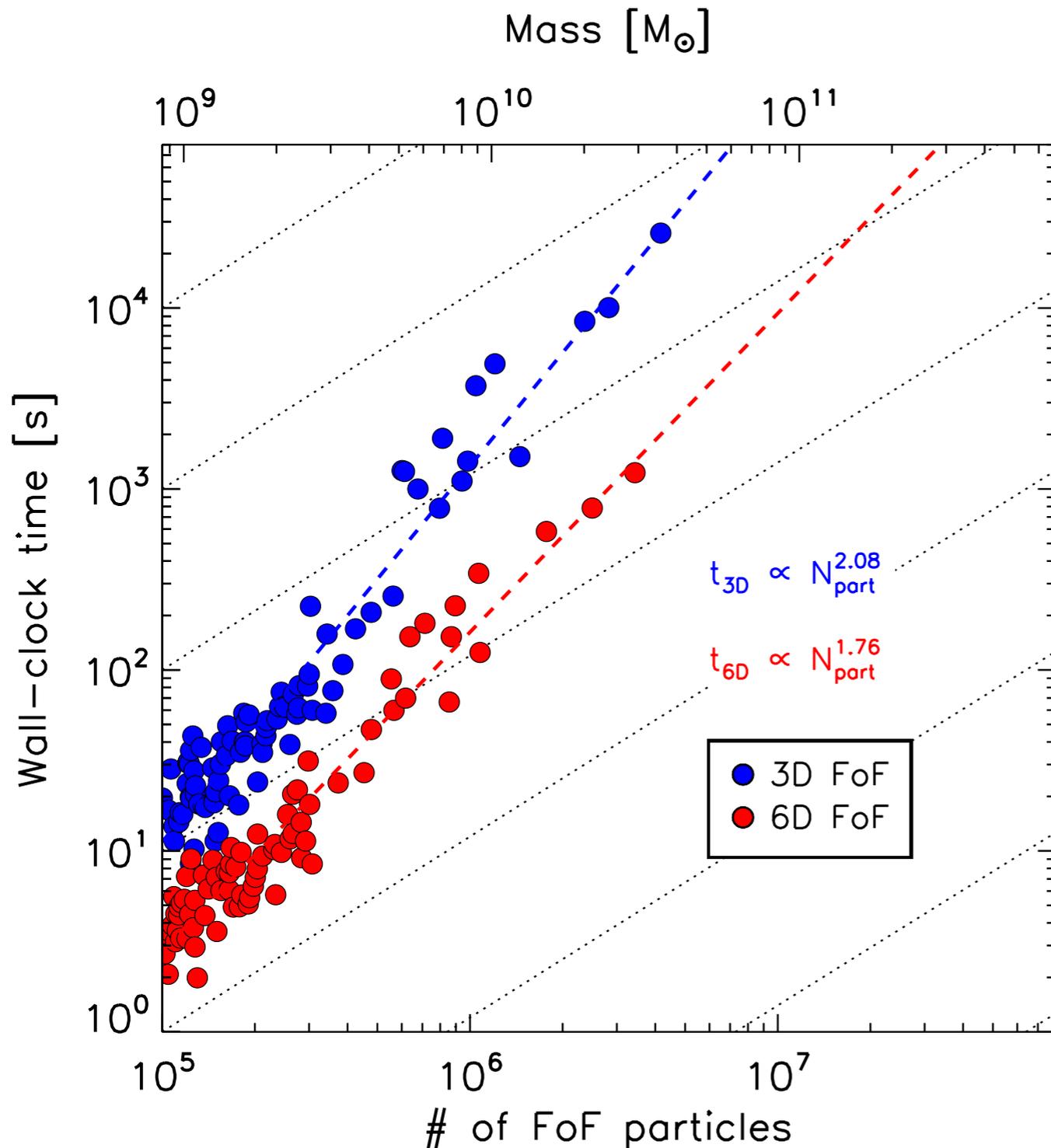
3D FoF

6D FoF

Galaxies



Poor Performance on NewHorizon

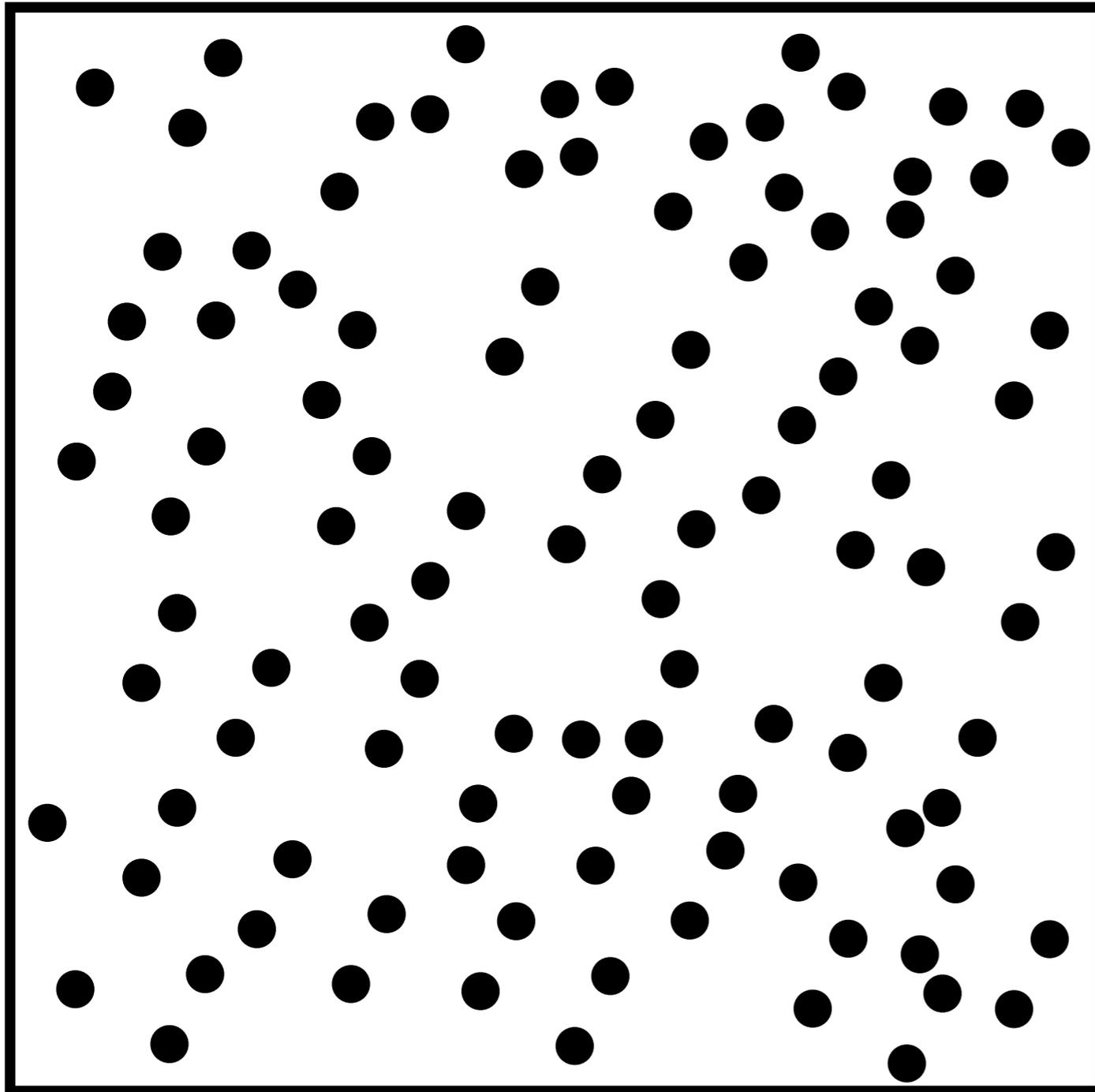


Slow Finding on NH

- **Snapshot of $z = 2.46$**
 $N_{\text{star}} = 47,218,669$
- **Very Slow**
>10,000 sec (3D); >1,000 sec (6D)
- **Poor Scaling**
Impractically slow for more massive galaxies
- **Due to too many distance calculations at the central region**

KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

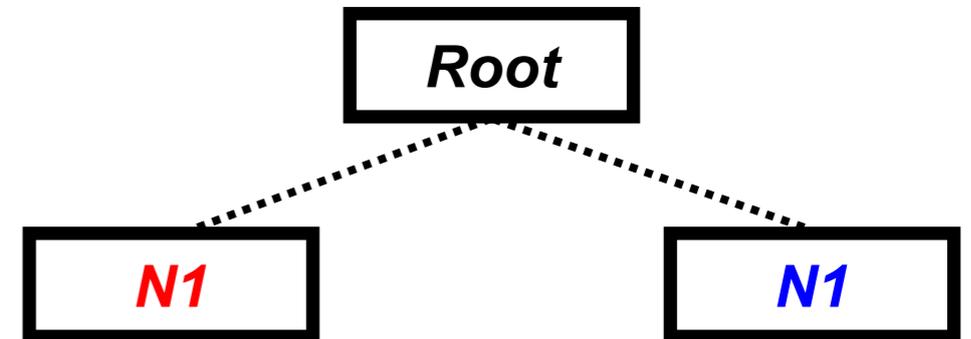
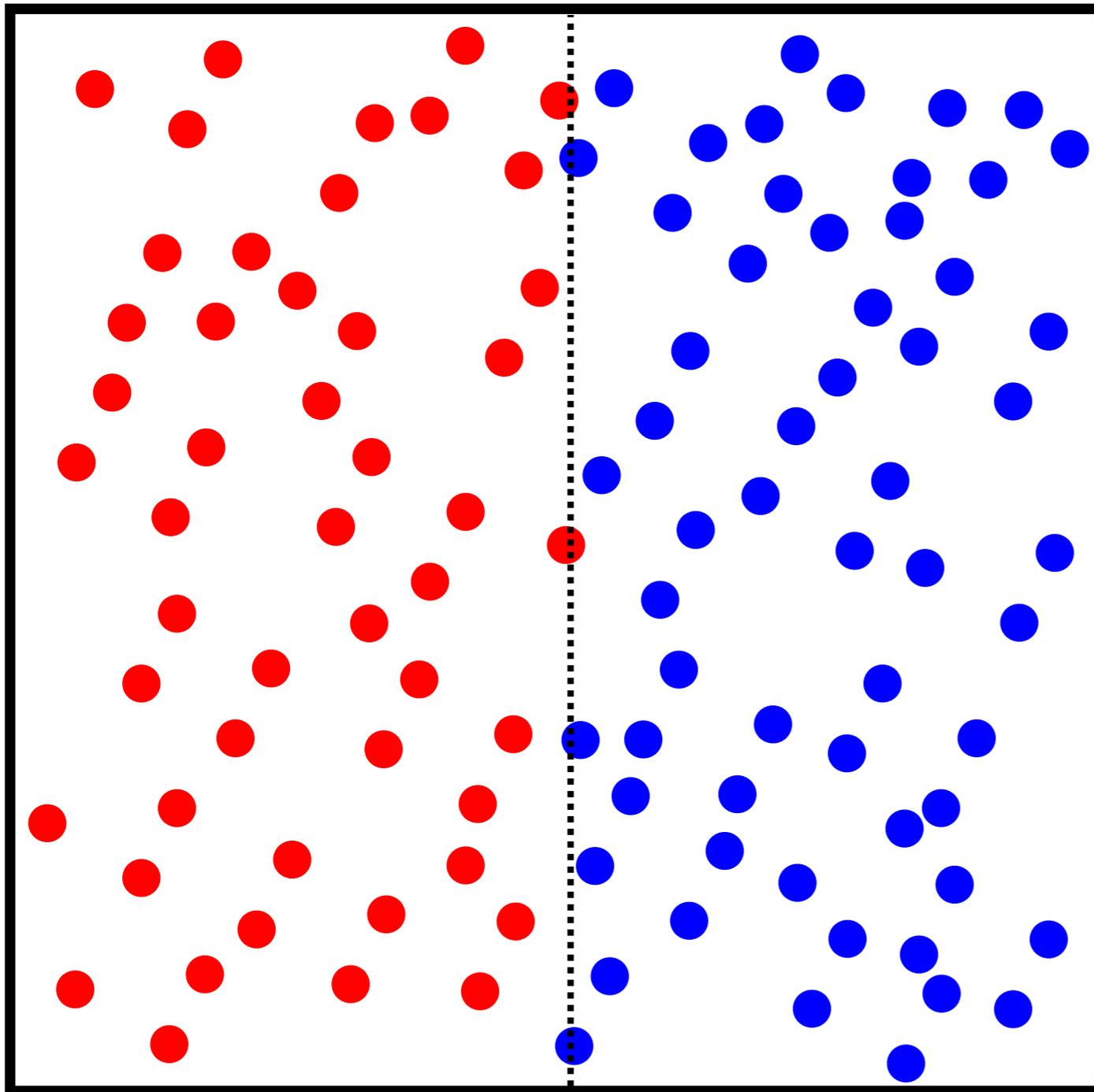
Distance calculation based on KD Tree



Root

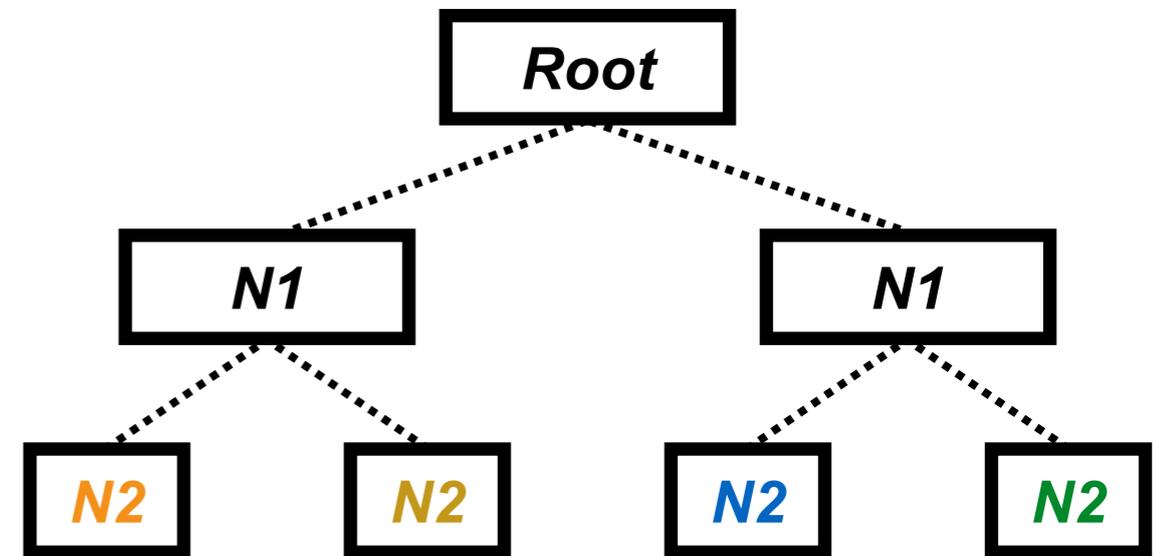
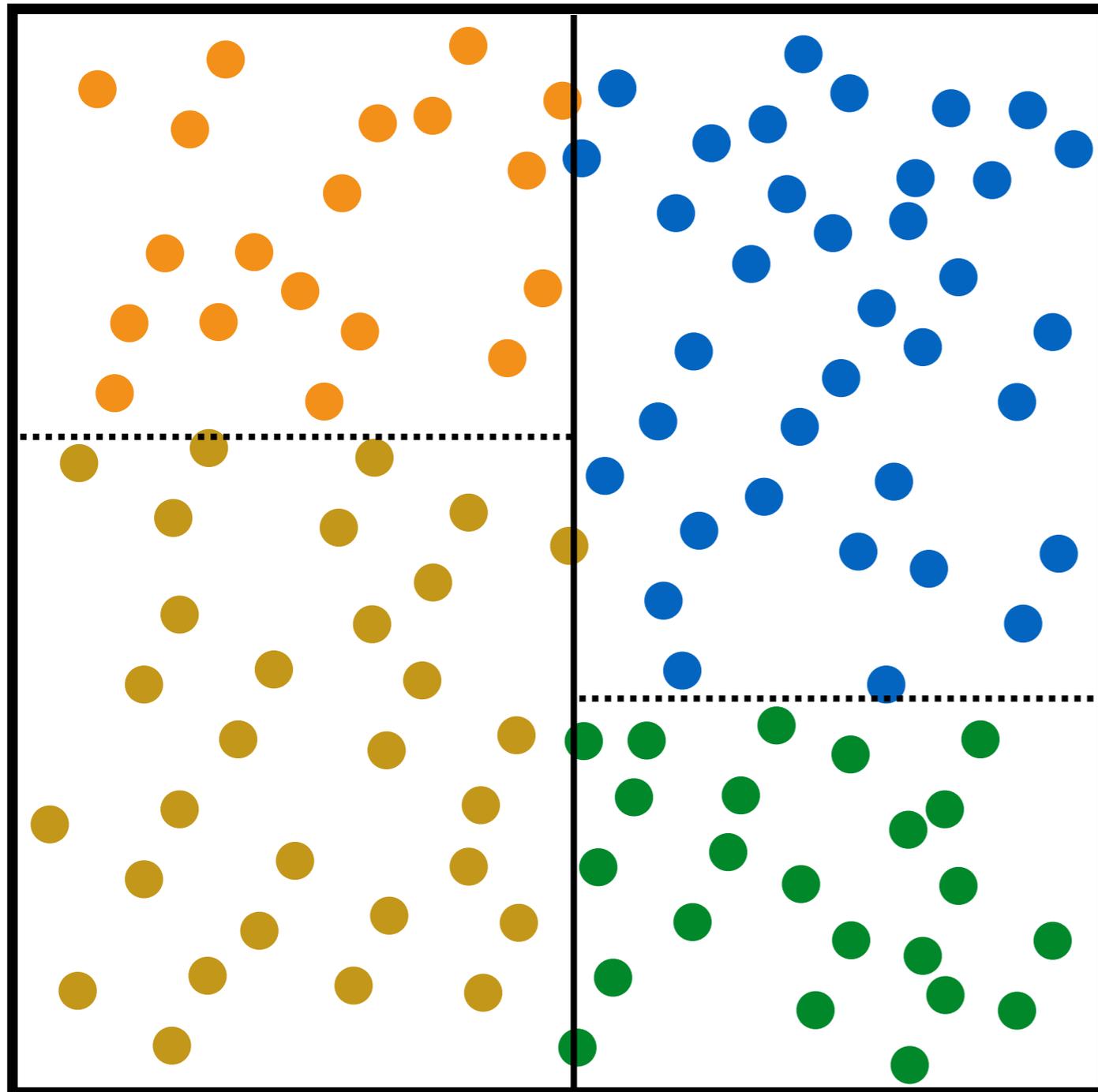
KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

Distance calculation based on KD Tree



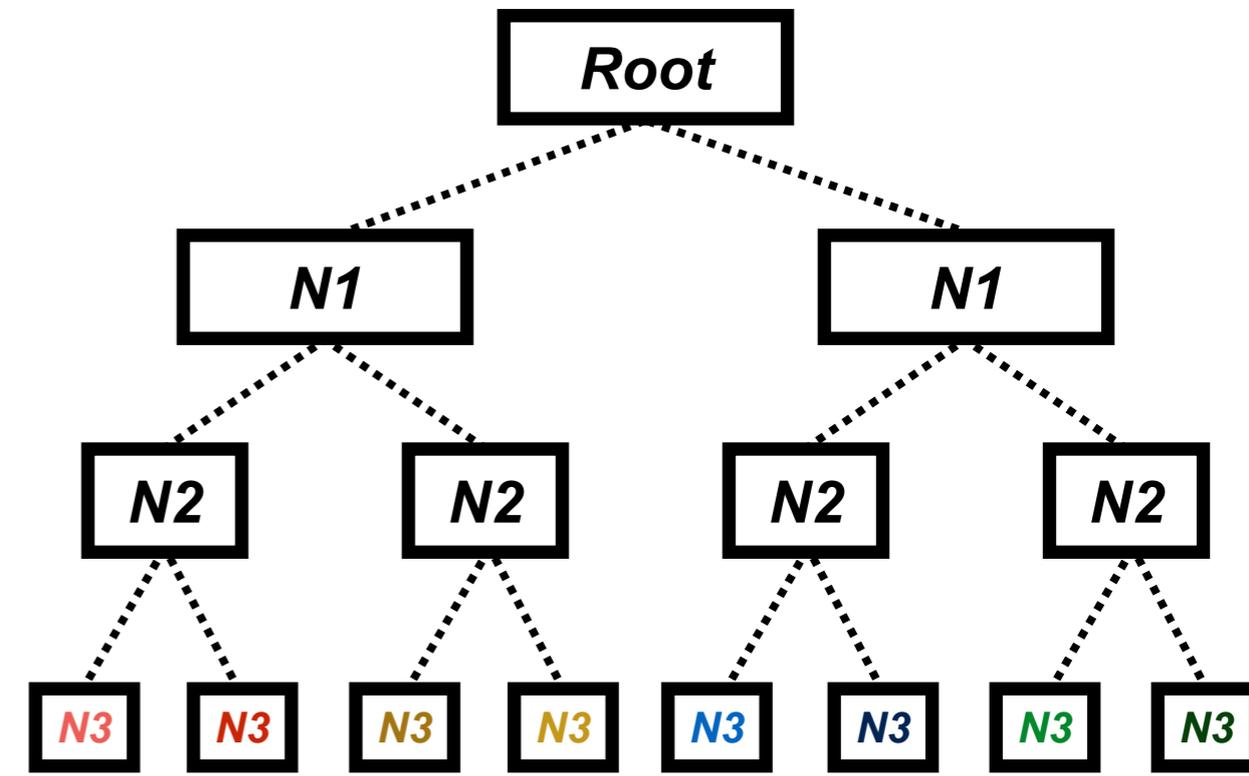
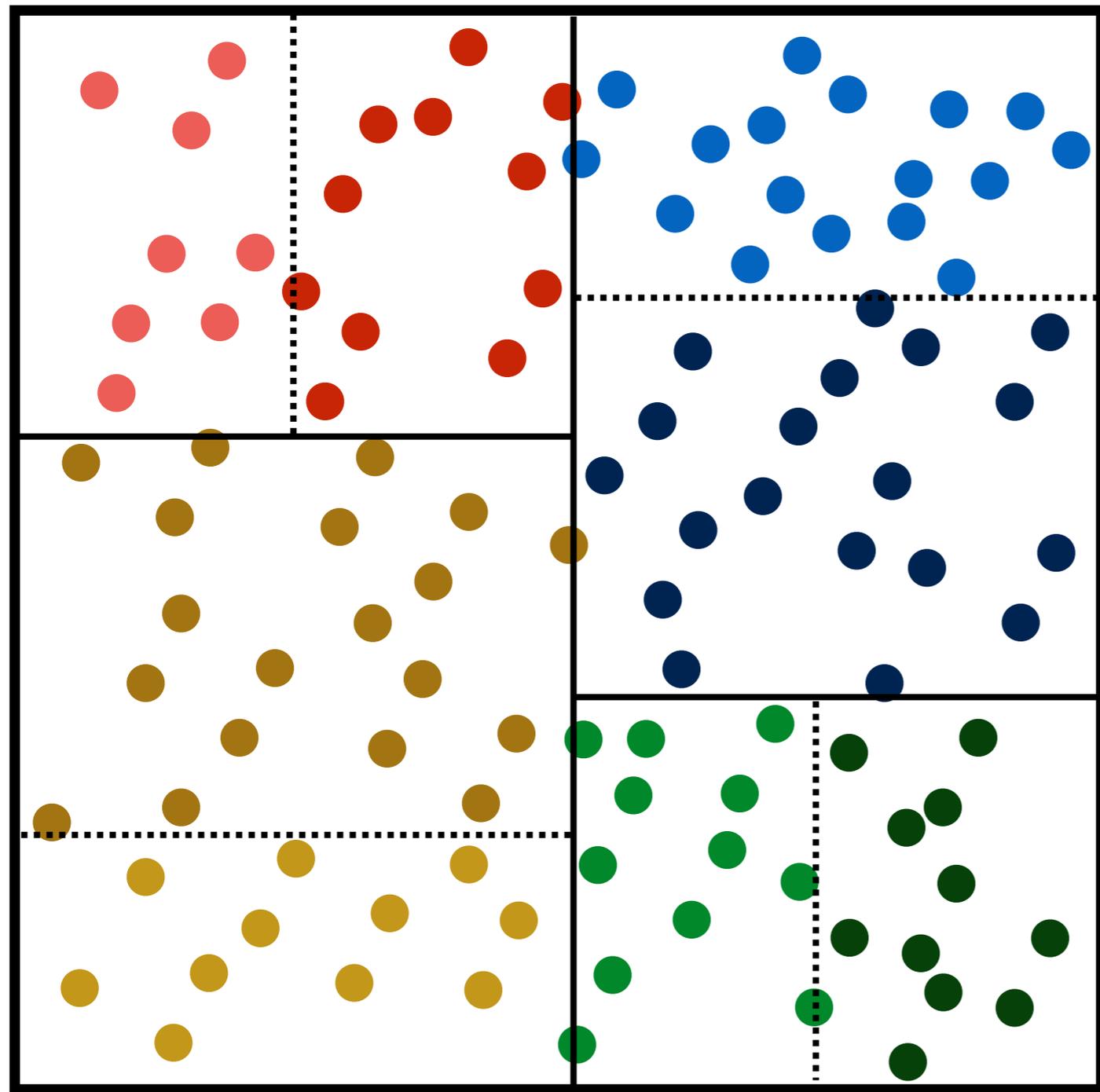
KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

Distance calculation based on KD Tree



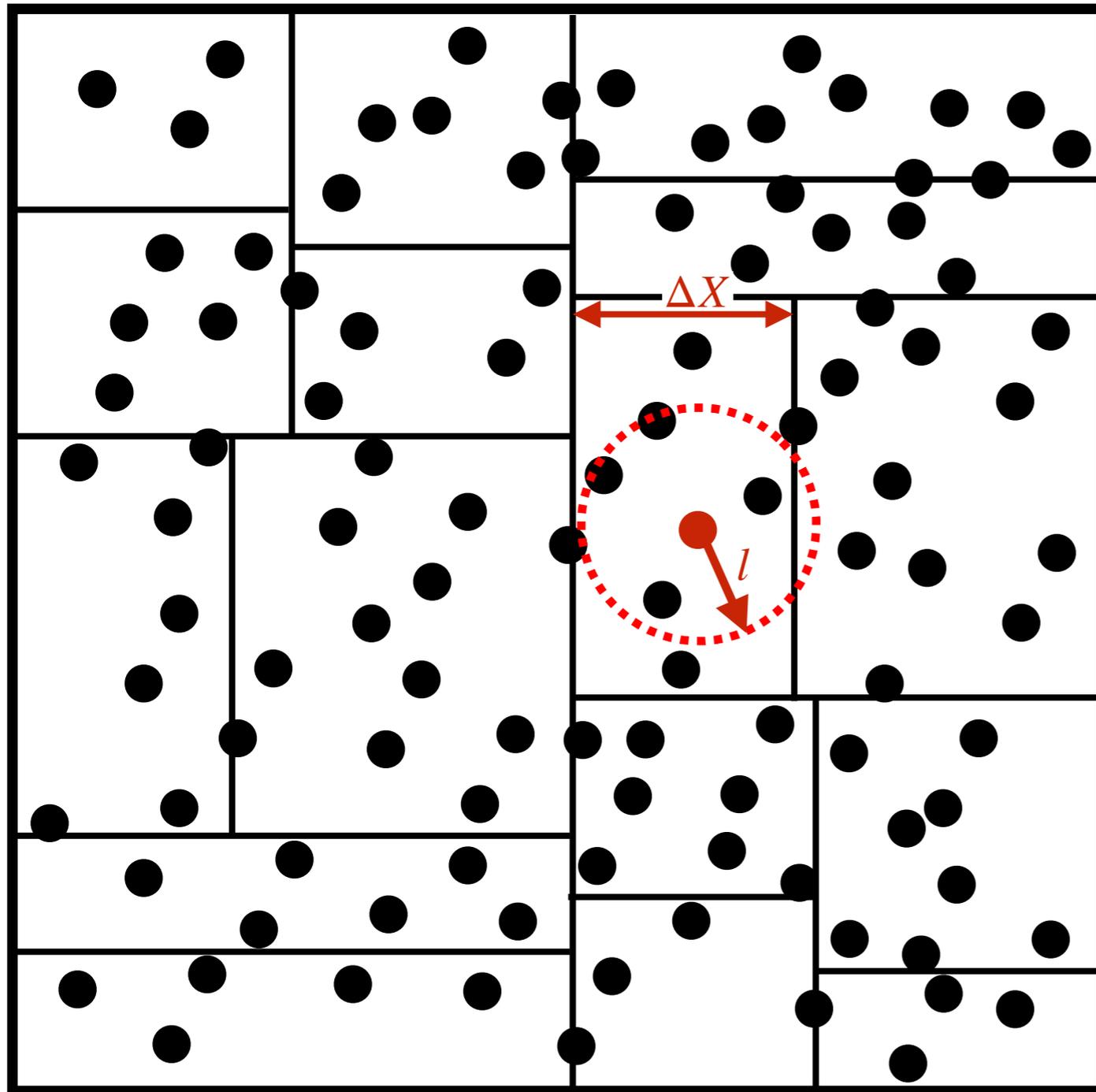
KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

Distance calculation based on KD Tree



KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

Distance calculation based on KD Tree



To find particles $d < l$

- Vanilla - $O(N^2)$

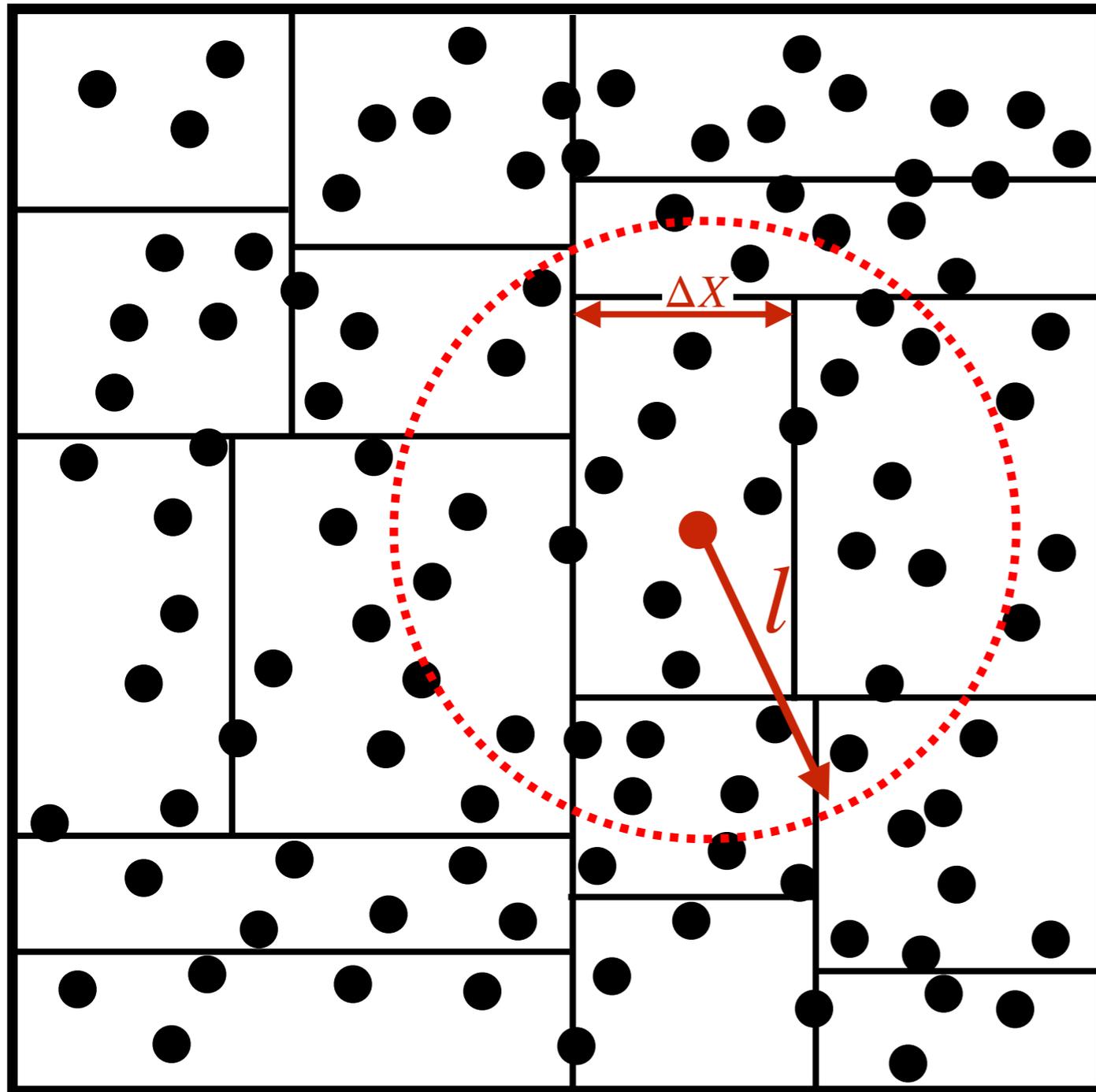
- KD Tree

Usual case ($l \sim \Delta X$)

- $O(N \log N)$ few nodes included

KD Tree for the Neighbor Query

Distance calculation based on KD Tree



To find particles $d < l$

- Vanilla - $O(N^2)$

- KD Tree

Usual case ($l \sim \Delta X$)

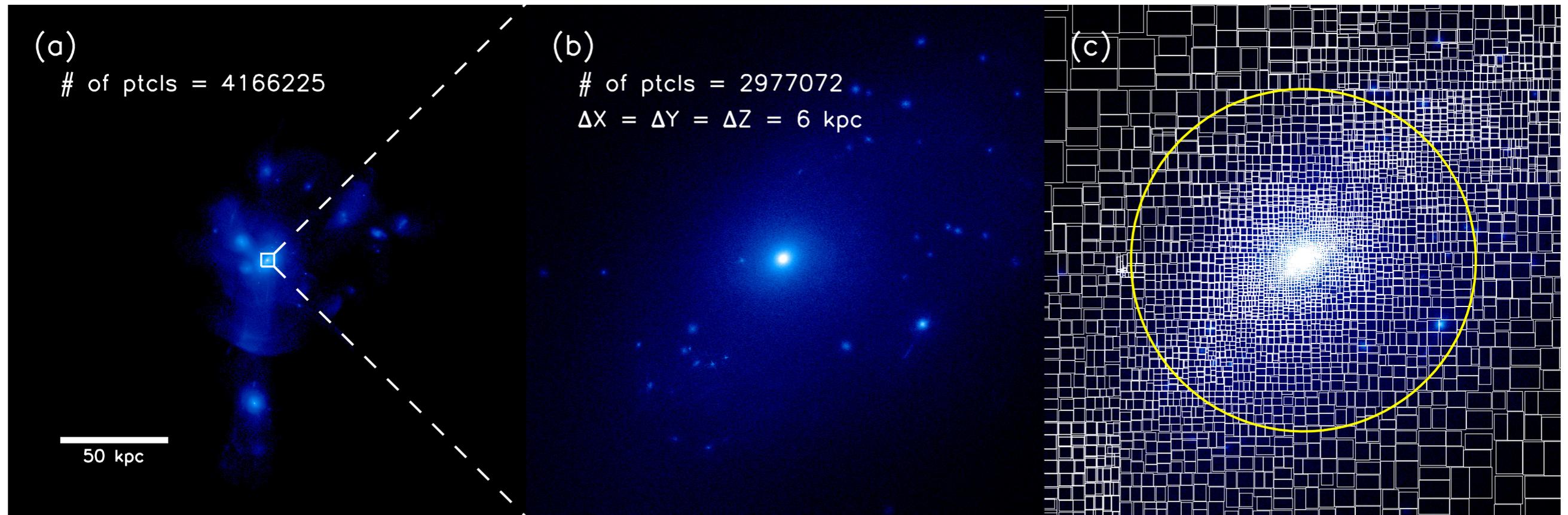
- $O(N \log N)$

High-density case ($l \gg \Delta X$)

- $O(N_{\text{core}}^2)$ many nodes included

The Origin of the Slow Performance

NH is such a case



High resolutions of NH allows the very high central number density ($n_{\text{core}} = 10^6 \text{ kpc}^{-3}$)

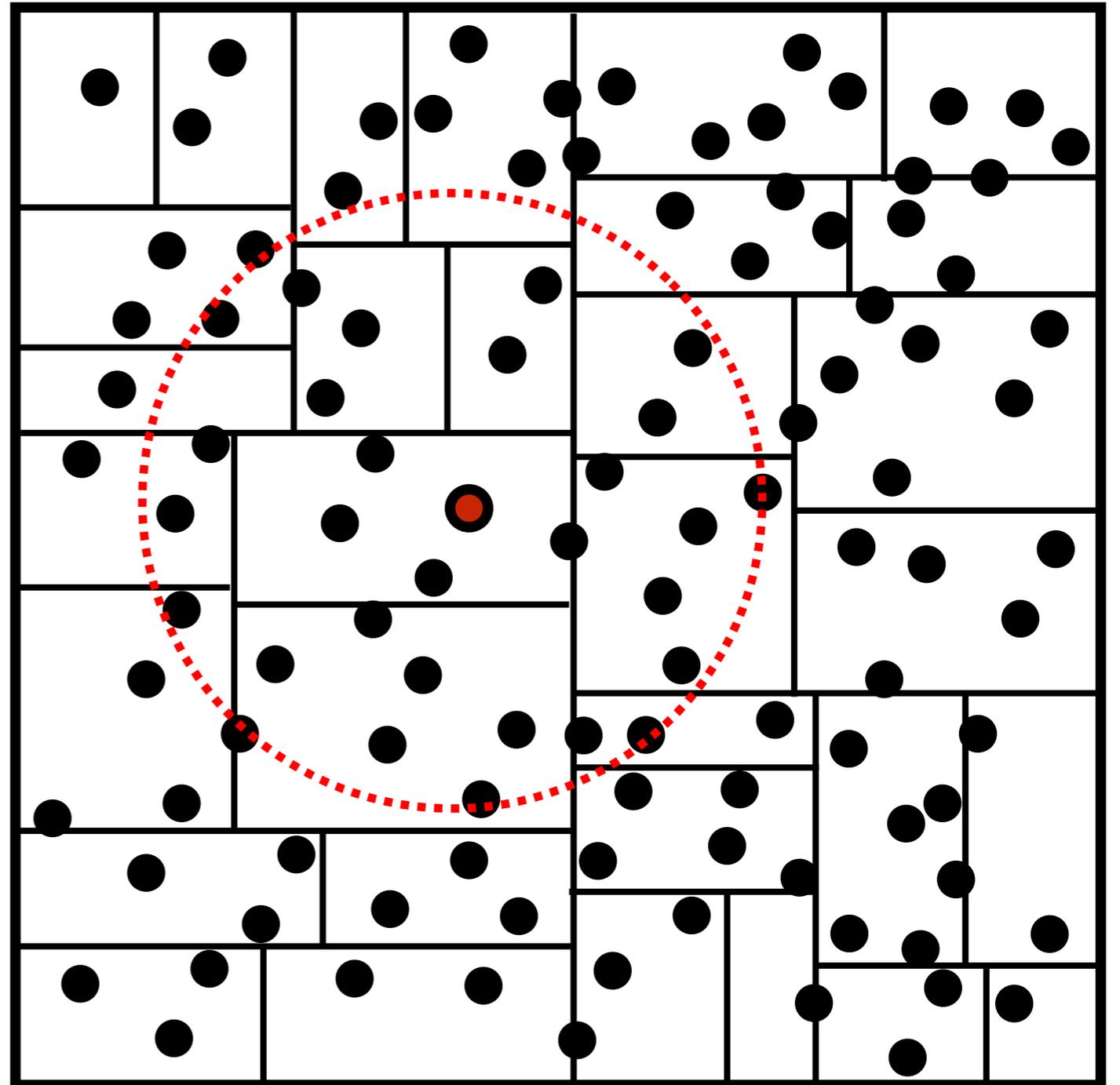
- # of particles within a linking length = 1,600,000
- # of nodes within a linking length = 72,087

Implementations

Strategy

▶ Node-Closure

Close node if its all particles are linked

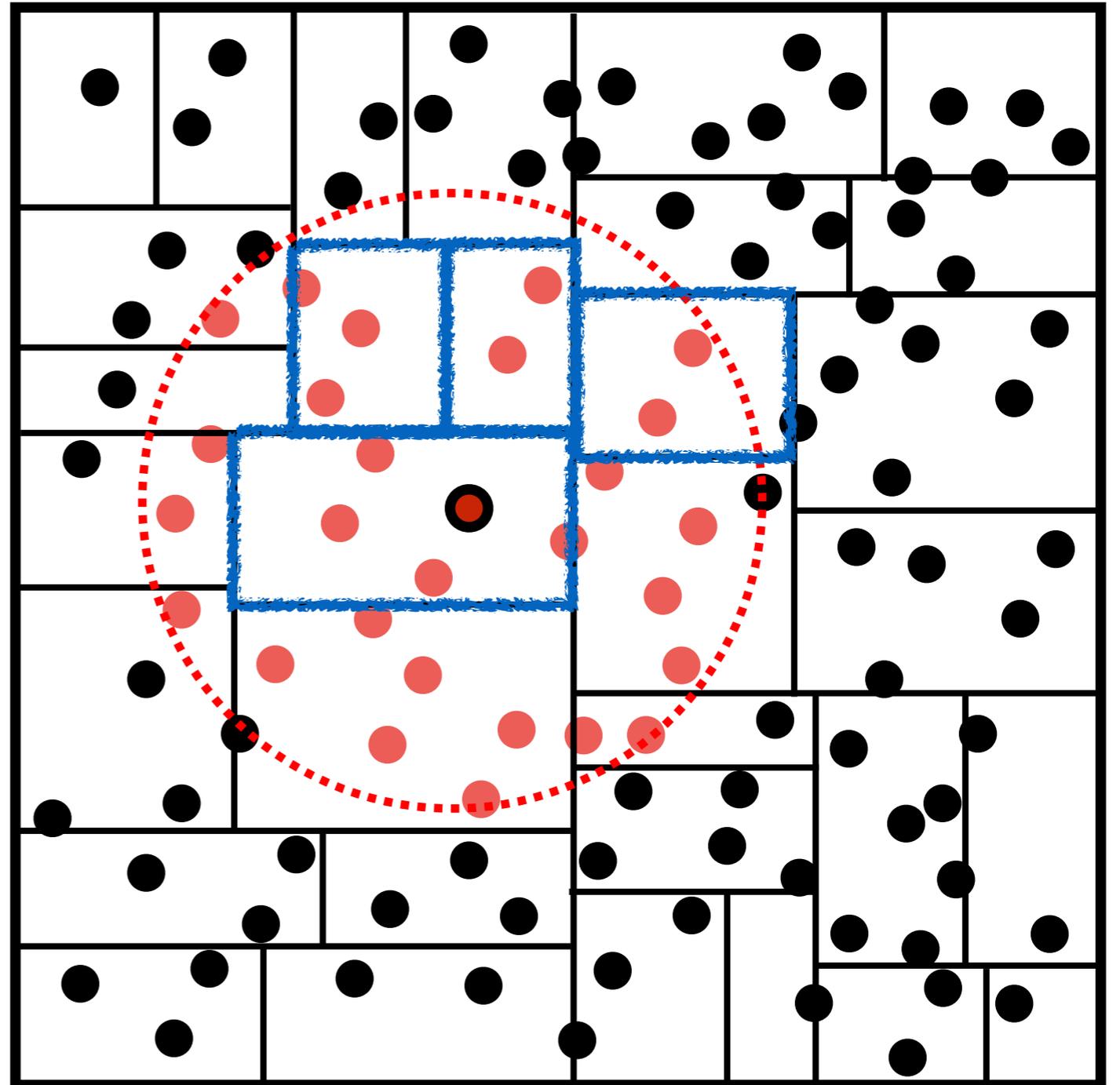


Implementations

Strategy

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Close node if its all particles are linked



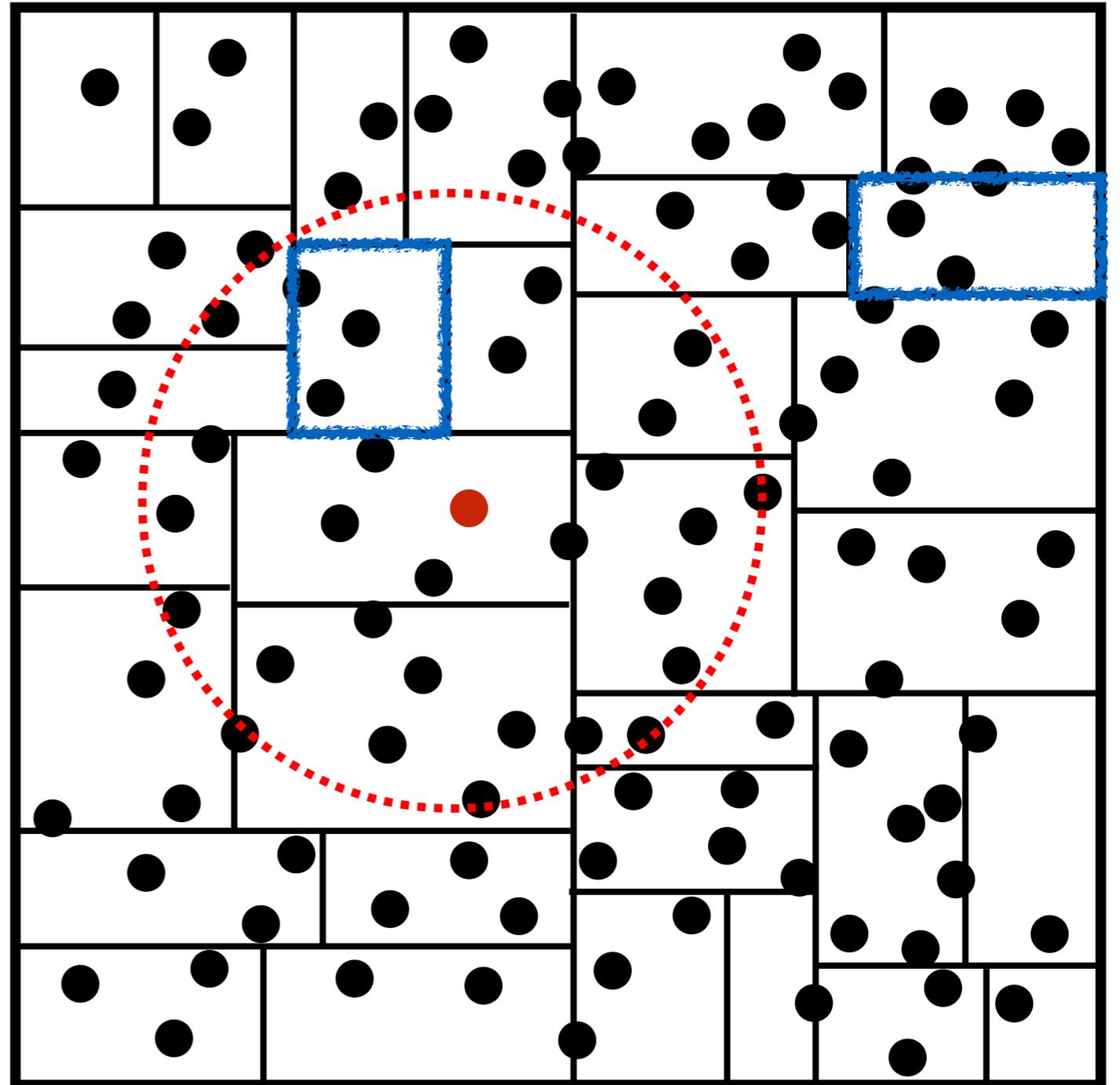
Implementations

Strategy

▶ Node-Closure

▶ Node-Geometry

If a node is fully outside or inside



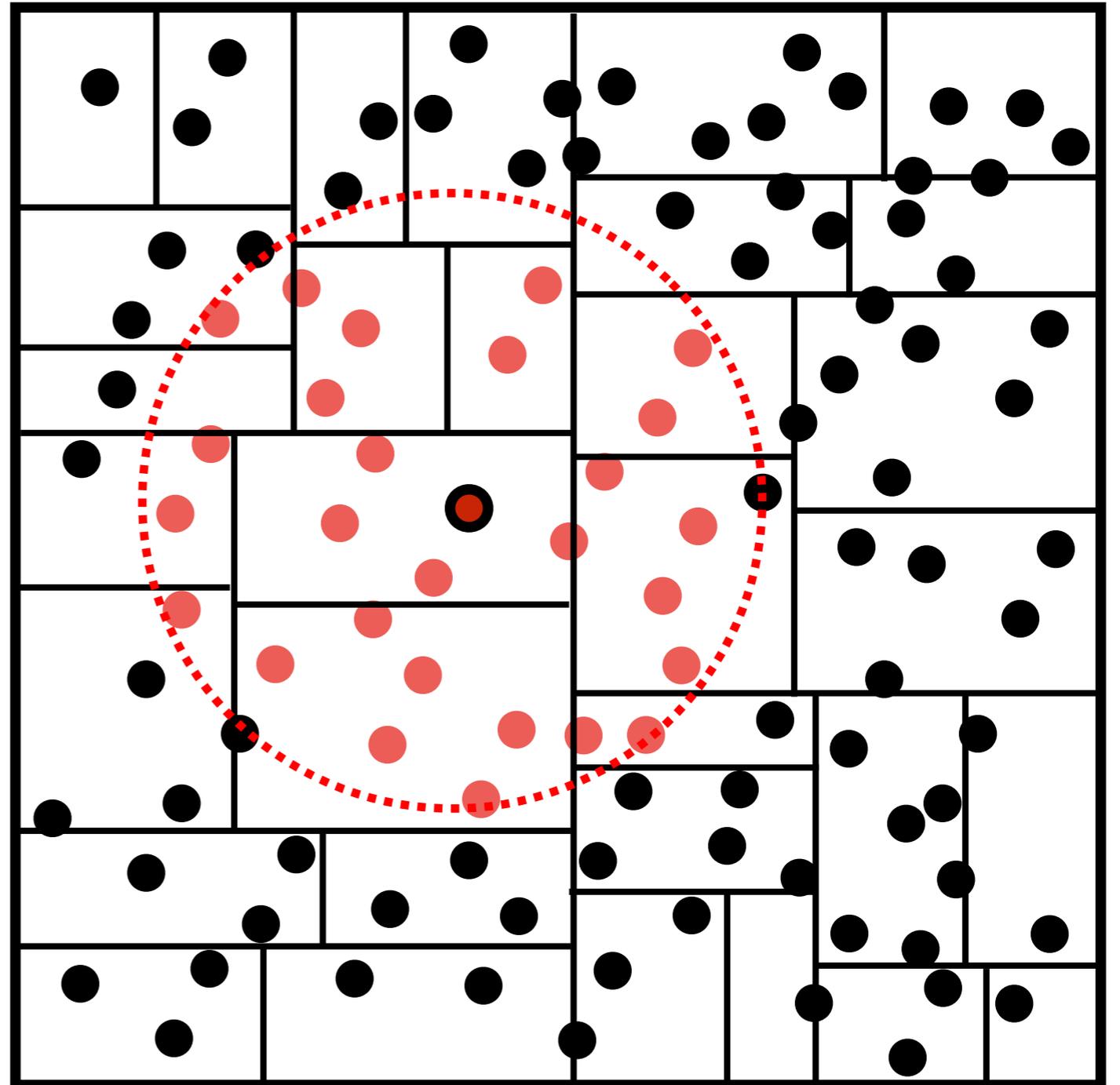
Implementations

Strategy

- ▶ Node-Closure
- ▶ Node-Geometry
- ▶ **Splay**

Effectively find new member particles.

But, do not affect the number of calculations.



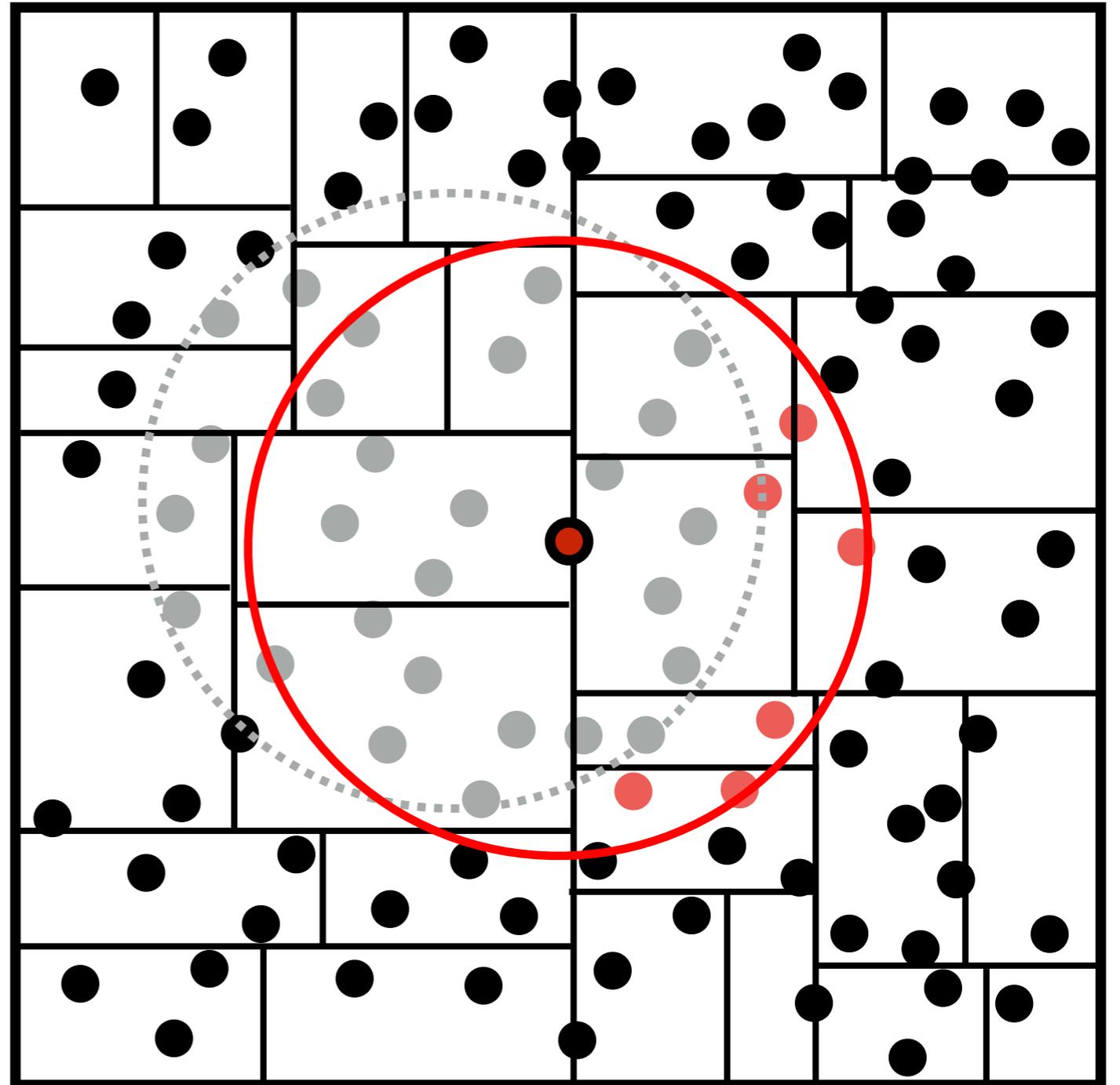
Implementations

Strategy

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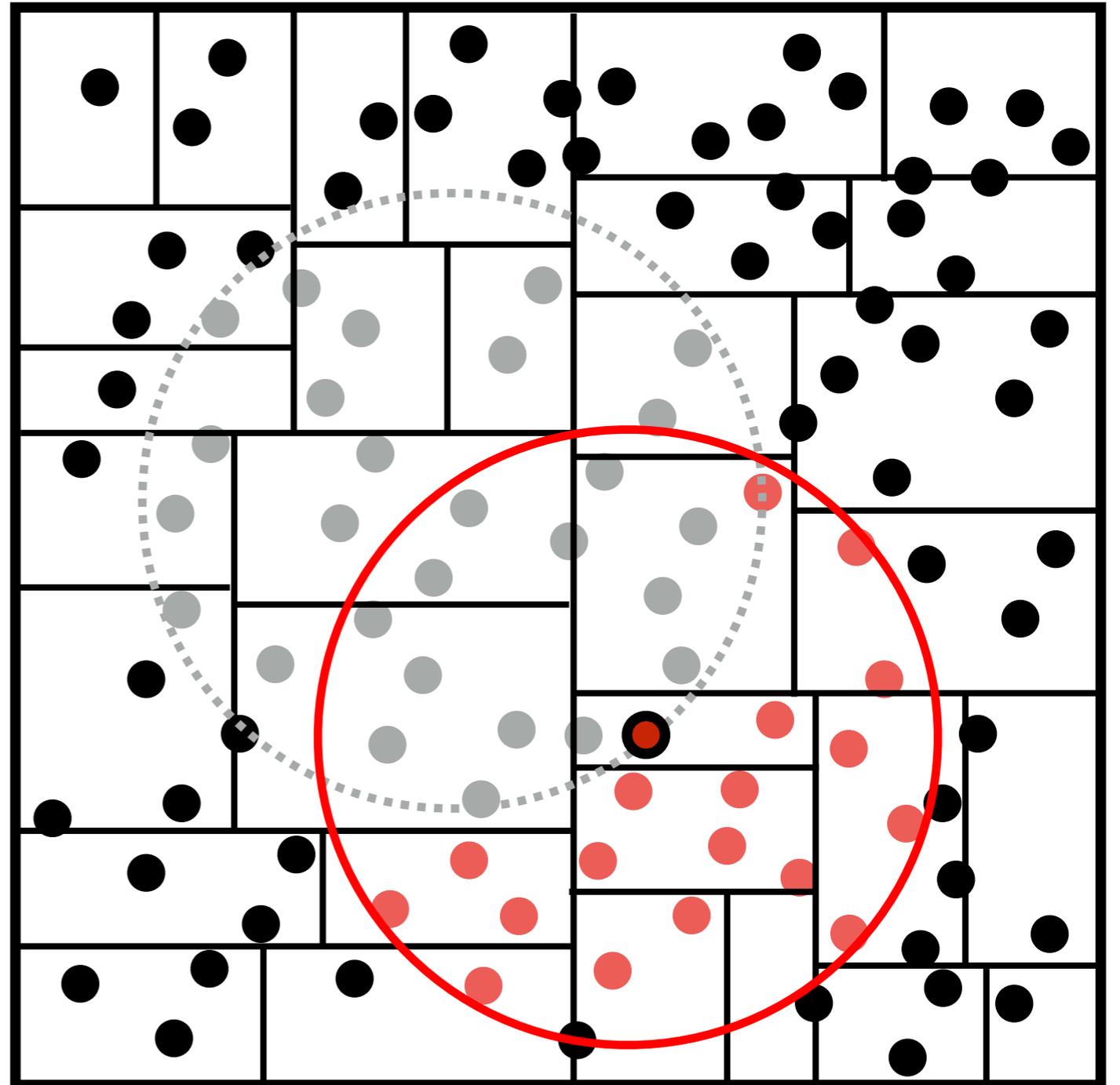
Implementations

Strategy

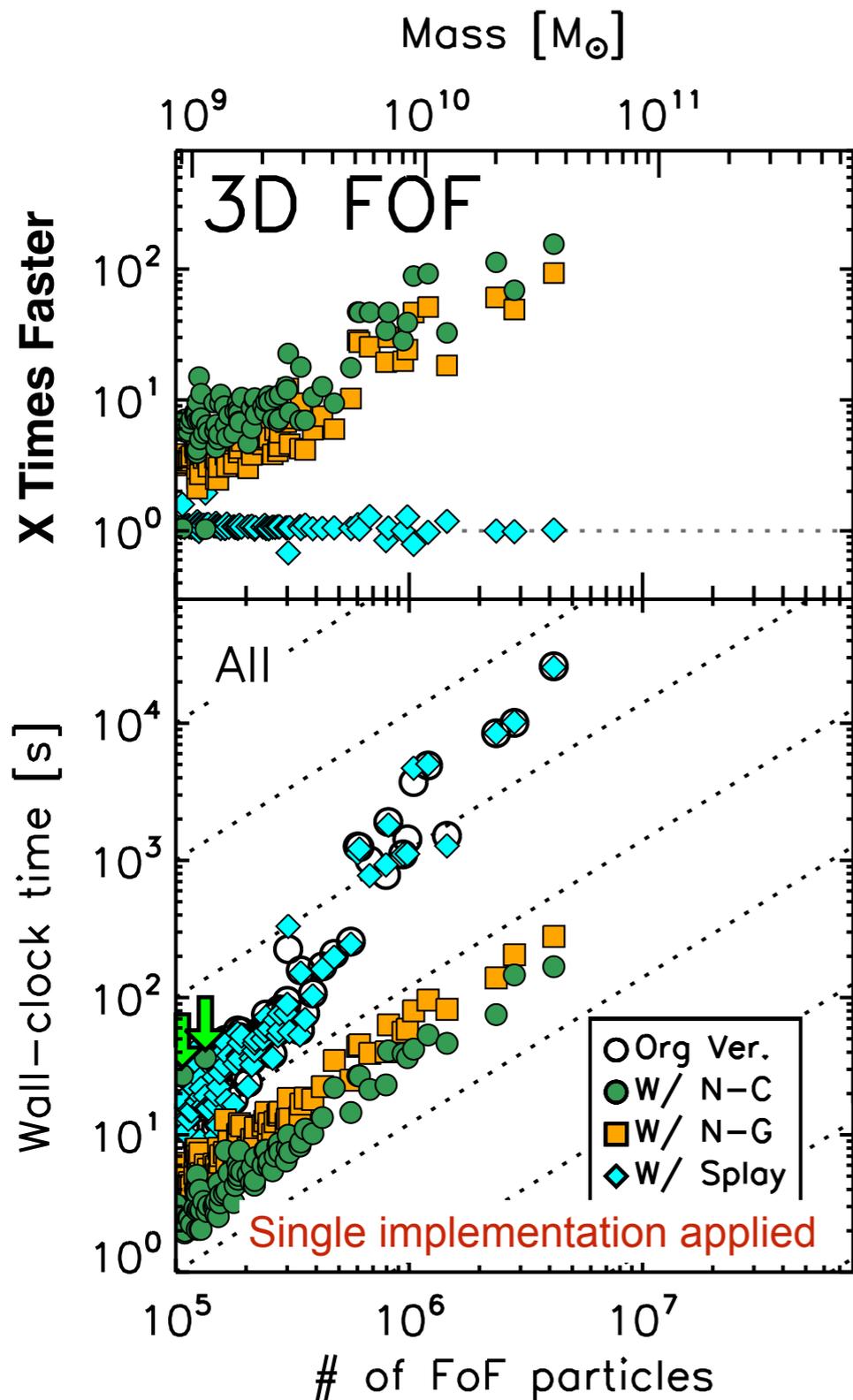
- ▶ Node-Closure
- ▶ Node-Geometry
- ▶ **Splay**

Effectively find new member particles.

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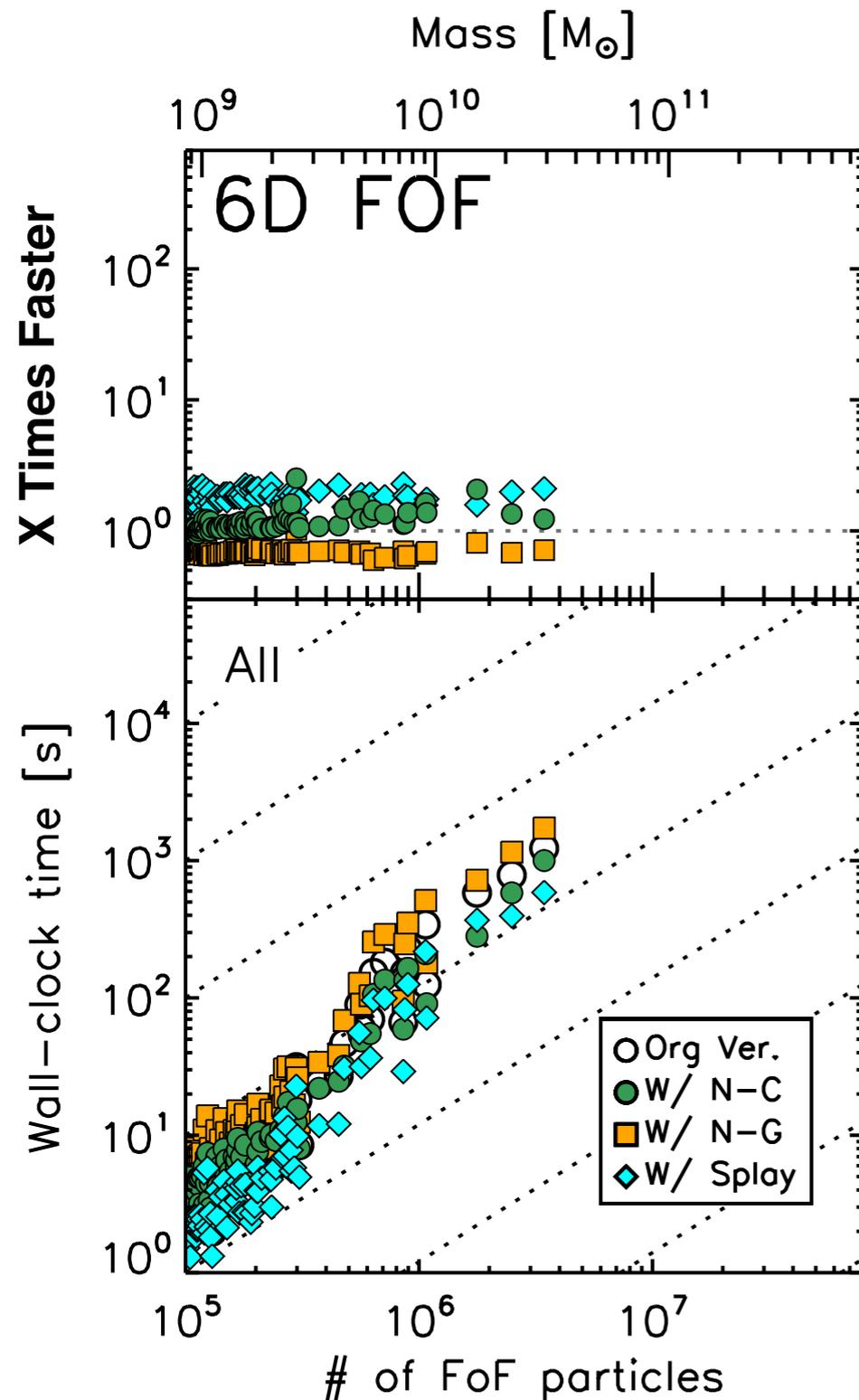
3D FoF Results



Well operating for 3D FoF

- ▶ **Node-Closure & Node-Geometry** work well
Shallowing tree depth is enough
- ▶ Splay has no improvements
Splay itself does not change the number of distance calculations
- ▶ Poor performance in 3D FoF is due to the repetitive visits to fully-connected nodes

6D FoF Results

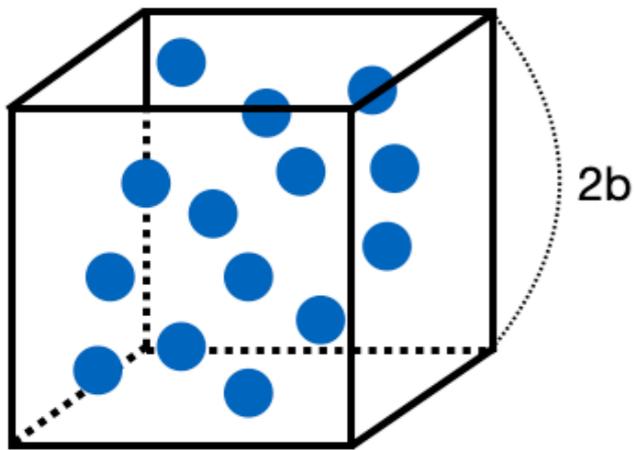


Not effective for 6D FoF

- ▶ All single implementations do not show significant improvement
- ▶ Shallowing the tree depth is **ineffective**
- ▶ Maybe due to **the curse of dimensionality**

Curse of Dimensionality

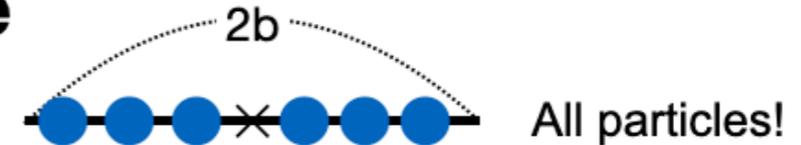
• Why 6D FoF is hard?



- * N particles are in a box
- * Uniform distribution
- * Center as the origin (0,0,0)

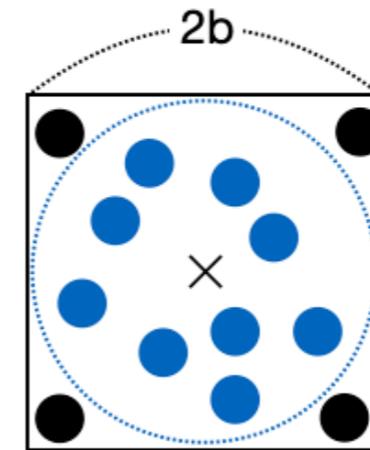
Suppose we want to find particles with which the distance from the center is less than b

1D Distance



All particles!

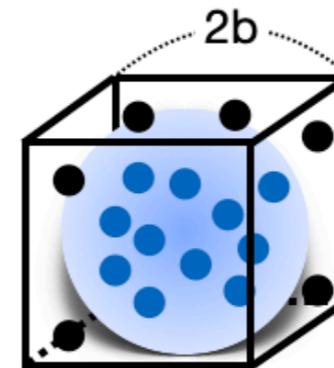
2D Distance



Most of them
The fraction is

$$\frac{\pi b^2}{(2b)^2}$$

3D Distance

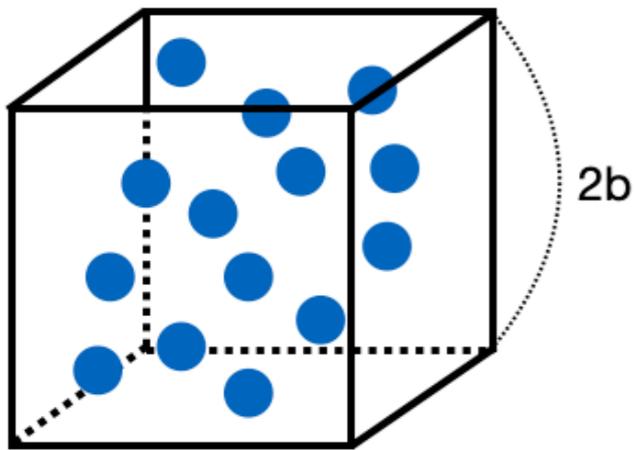


Some of them
The fraction is

$$\frac{4/3\pi b^3}{(2b)^3}$$

Curse of Dimensionality

• Why 6D FoF is hard?



- * N particles are in a box
- * Uniform distribution
- * Center as the origin (0,0,0)

Many visits are required for a node to be closed in high dimensions

Generalization in N-dimension

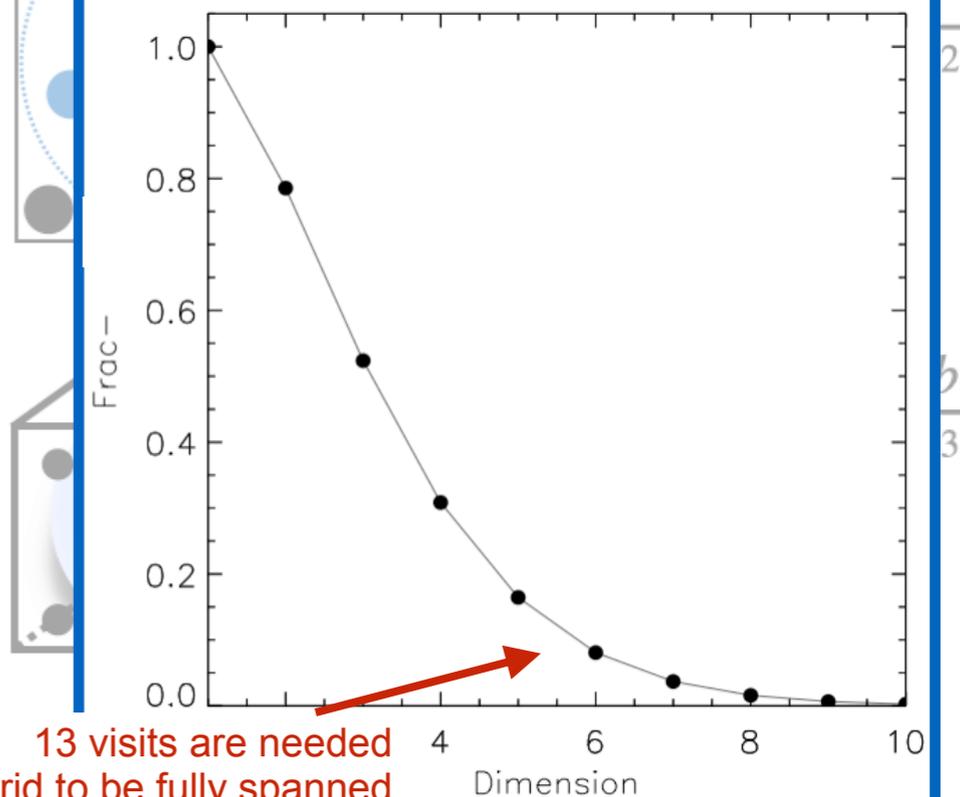
$$\frac{\frac{\pi^{n/2}}{\Gamma(n/2 + 1)} b^n}{(2b)^n}$$

← Volume of n-dimensional sphere

← Volume of n-dimensional grid

Frac-

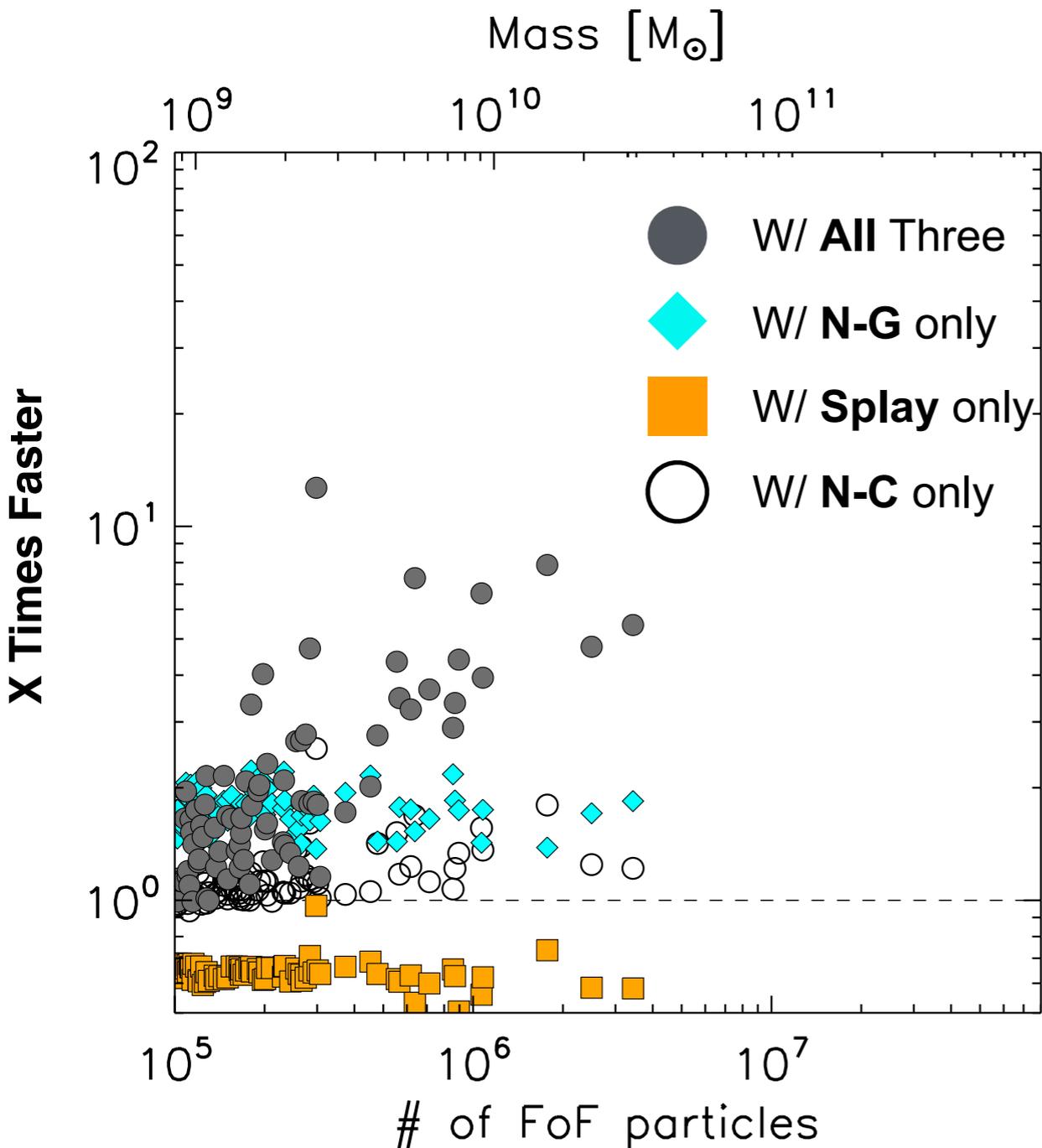
3D Distance



13 visits are needed for the 6D grid to be fully spanned

Combining Implementations

Single Implementation is not enough.



When applying simultaneously,

▶ 8-10 times faster than before

Partially solve the curse of dimensionality in 6D

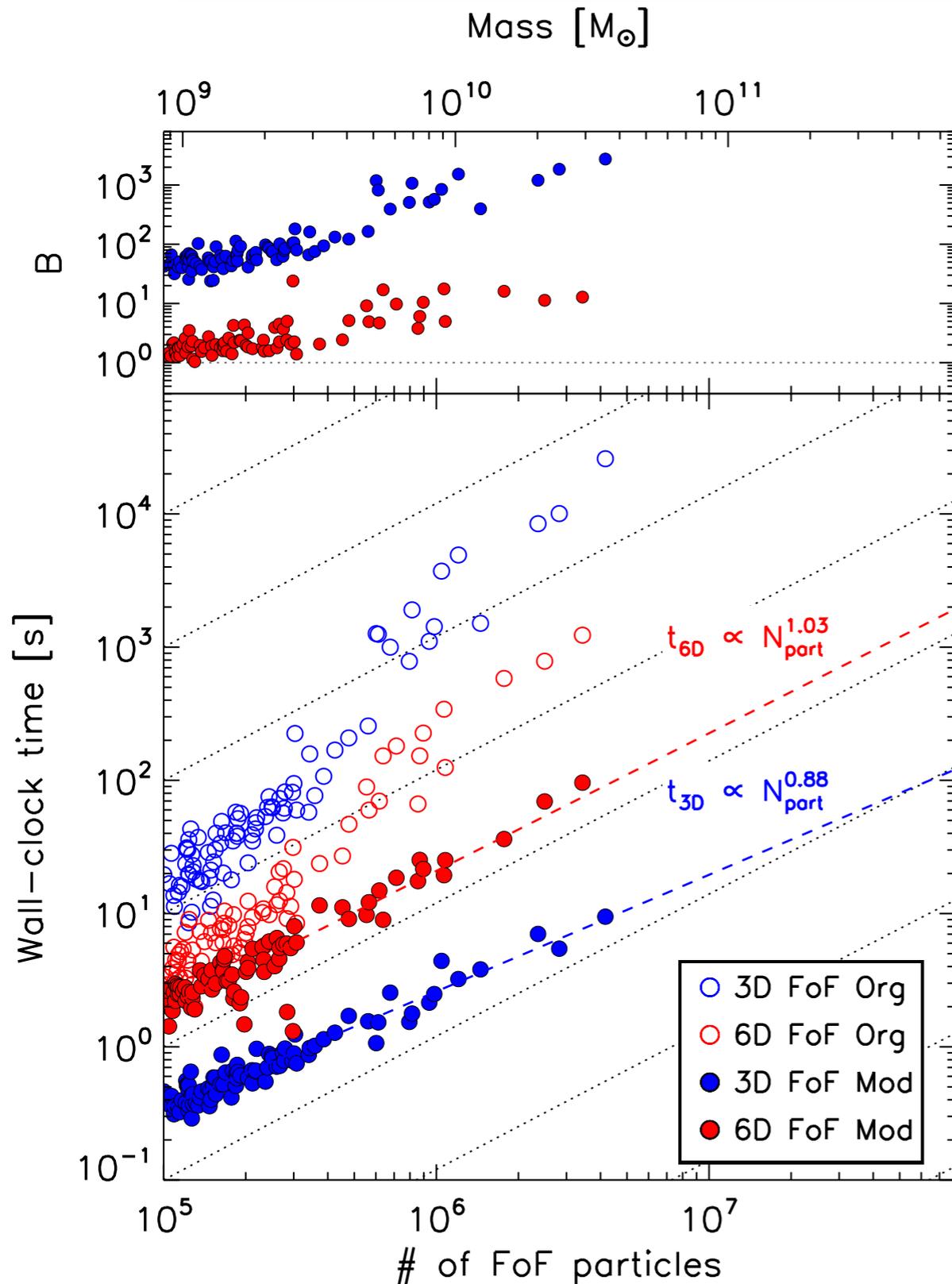
▶ Splay finds member particles effectively

> Node get closed with fewer visits

> Closed nodes are no longer opened

by the N-C scheme

Updated Performance



Successfully improve the FoF efficiency

- **Ideal scalings** are obtained
- Finding for all consecutive NH snapshots (834)
6-10 hours / snap (w/ 12 threads)
- **Merger trees** are built with TREEFrog (Elahi et al. 2019)
- Catalog is now available

Conclusion

- ▶ 6D FoF halo/galaxy finder will be the next generation of galaxy finder
 - ✓ Due to its power of identifying substructures in high-dense regions
- ▶ Current (6D) FoF method shows very poor performance when applied to a high-resolution simulation
 - ✓ Too many distance calculations are required in over-dense regions even with the aid of tree structures
- ▶ Performance enhancement of 6D FoF galaxy finder on a high-resolution simulations
 - ✓ Achieve the ideal scaling of wall-clock times for identification
 - ✓ Our implementations can be applied to any tree-based FoF codes

